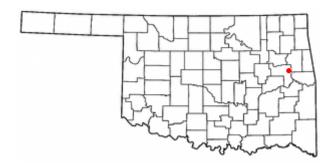
AUDIT REPORT

TOWN OF BRAGGS, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2013



KERSHAW CPA & ASSOCIATES, PC

TOWN OF BRAGGS, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2013

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TOWN OF BRAGGS, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2013

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TOWN OF BRAGGS, OKLAHOMA LIST OF BOARD MEMBERS JUNE 30, 2013

ELECTED OFFICIALS

NAME POSITION

JOHN LAYMON MAYOR

RUDY WILSON TRUSTEE

JENNIFER KOLISE TRUSTEE

TOWN CLERK/TREASURER

REBECCA SMITH

BPWA CLERK

JESSICA JOHNSTON

Unaudited

5300 WEST OKMULGEE AVENUE MUSKOGEE, OKLAHOMA 74401 PHONE (918) 684-1040 FAX (918) 684-1041

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Town Council Town of Braggs, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Braggs, Oklahoma, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1. This includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and in accordance with Oklahoma Statutes. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of

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accounting policies used, and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made, by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

The modified cash basis of accounting requires that items, having substantial support in U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, such as capitalizing assets at historical cost and recording depreciation, be recorded in the financial statements. The Town has not maintained accurate capital asset records to support the historical cost of past capital asset purchases and the related depreciation. Documentation supporting historical cost and depreciation was not readily available for our review. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, net position, and expenses of the Governmental & Business-Type Activities is not readily determinable.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Braggs, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Supplementary and Other Information

The introductory and supplementary sections listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Town. Such additional information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on such information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 21, 2014, on our consideration of the Town of Braggs'

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internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in compliance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Braggs' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements that describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

, Kershaw CPA & Associates, PC

Kershaw CPA \$ AssociAtes, P.C.

February 21, 2014

TOWN OF BRAGGS, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	2013 Total
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents Due from Other Funds	\$ 38,177	\$ 167,681	\$ 205,859
Due from Other Funds	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total Current Assets	38,177	167,681	205,859
Other Assets:			
Restricted Cash and cash equivalents	-	19,312	19,312
Restricted Investments		72,609	72,609
Total Other Assets		91,921	91,921
Capital Assets:			
Capital Assets, net of Accum. Depreciation	69,766	822,246	892,012
Total Capital Assets	69,766	822,246	892,012
TOTAL ASSETS	107,943	1,081,848	1,189,792
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Payroll Taxes Payable	-	-	-
Due to Other Funds	-	-	-
Due to Other Governments	4.252	40 500	20.045
Notes Payable - Current Portion Refundable Customer Deposits	4,352	16,563 30,151	20,915 30,151
Total Current Liabilities	4,352	46,714	51,066
Total Current Liabilities	4,352	40,714	51,000
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Notes Payable - Long-Term	9,959	119,551	129,510
Total Long-Term Liabilities	9,959	119,551	129,510
TOTAL LIABILITIES	14,311	166,265	180,576
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	55,455	686,132	741,587
Restricted for:	·	•	-
Debt Service	-	29,312	29,312
Other Purposes	-	-	-
Unrestricted	38,177	200,139	238,316
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 93,633	\$ 915,583	\$ 1,009,215

TOWN OF BRAGGS, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

					Program	n Revenues				
					Оре	Operating		Capital	Net (Expenses)/	
			Charges for		Gra	nts and	Gr	ants and		
Functions/Programs	E	kpenses		Services	Contr	ibutions	Cor	tributions	R	Revenue
Governmental activities:										
Current:										
General Government	\$	93,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(93,000)
PWA		-		-		-		-		-
Public Safety		35,481		37,585		-		3,445		5,549
Depreciation Expense		7,582		-		-		-		(7,582)
Total Governmental Activities		136,063		37,585		-		3,445		(95,033)
Business-type activities:										
Water		117,319		157,722		-		111,852		152,254
Sewer		37,125		22,096		-		-		(15,029)
Sanitation		30,667		33,232		-		-		2,564
Other Business-type Activities		68,078		12,673		-		-		(55,405)
Total Business-type Activities		253,190		225,724		-		111,852		84,385
Total	\$	389,253	\$	263,309	\$	_	\$	115,297	\$	(10,648)

Changes in Net Position:

	Gov	Governmental		Business-Type		
	Α	ctivities	Activities		Total	
Net (expense)/revenue	\$	(95,033)	\$	84,385	\$	(10,648)
General revenues:						
Taxes:						
Sales Tax		44,749		-		44,749
Tobacco Tax		574		-		574
Franchise Tax		8,478		-		8,478
Intergovernmental:						
Alcoholic Beverage Tax		917		-		917
Gasoline Excise Tax		478		-		478
Motor Vehicle Tax		1,878		-		1,878
Licenses and Permits		134		-		134
Miscellaneous Income		8,111		15,620		23,731
Interest Income		53		530		583
Transfers - Internal Activity		14,842		(14,842)		-
Total general revenues & transfers		80,214		1,308		81,522
Changes in net position		(14,819)		85,693		70,874
Net position - beginning		77,956		859,049		937,005
Net position - prior year adjustment		30,496		(29,159)		1,337
Net position - ending	\$	93,633	\$	915,583	\$	1,009,215

TOWN OF BRAGGS, OKLAHOMA BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

		General Fund		olunteer re Dept. Fund	Govern	her nmental nds	 Total ernmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash, including time deposits	\$	16,013	\$	22,165	\$	-	\$ 38,177
Due from other funds		-				-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	16,013	\$	22,165	\$		\$ 38,177
LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITY							
LIABILITIES:							
Due to Other Funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Due to Other Governments		-		-		-	-
Payroll Taxes Payable		-		-		-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		-		-	-
FUND BALANCES:							
Nonspendable		-		-		-	-
Restricted		-		-		-	-
Committed		-		-		-	-
Assigned		-		22,165		-	22,165
Unassigned		16,013		-		-	16,013
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		16,013		22,165		-	38,177
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	16,013	\$	22,165	\$	-	
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:							
Amounts reported for governmental activities in	the state	ment of net	positi	on are diffe	erent beca	iuse:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities	of \$222.9	938, net of a	ccum	ulated depr	eciation		

Capital assets used in governmental activities of \$222,938, net of accumulated depreciation of \$153,171, are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	69,766
Some liabilities, including capital debt obligations payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	 (14,311)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 93,633

TOWN OF BRAGGS, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

REVENUES: Fund Funds Funds Taxes: 1 44,749 \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$.		General		Volunteer Fire Dept.		Other Governmental		Total Governmental	
Sales Tax			Fund		Fund	Fur	nds	I	Funds
Sales Tax \$ 44,749 - \$. \$ 44,749 Tobacco Tax 574	REVENUES:								
Tobacco Tax Franchise Tax Franchise Tax Intergovernmental: Alcoholic Beverage Tax Alcohol	Taxes:								
Franchise Tax 8,478 - 8,478		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental: Alcoholic Beverage Tax 917					-		-		
Alcoholic Beverage Tax			8,478		-		-		8,478
Gasoline Excise Tax 478 - 478 Motor Vehicle Tax 1,878 - - 1,878 Grants 3,445 - - 3,445 Fines & Forfeitures 37,585 - - 37,585 Donations - 3,769 - 3,769 Licenses and permits 134 - - 1,343 Miscellaneous Income 4,343 - - 4,343 Interest Income 14 39 - 55 TOTAL REVENUES 102,594 3,808 - 106,402 EXPENDITURES: Current: - - 93,000 - 93,000 EXPENDITURES: Current: - - - 93,000 - 93,000 PWA - - - - - - - - 93,000 - - 93,000 - - - 93,000 - - - - - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>047</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>047</td></td<>			047						047
Motor Vehicle Tax 1,878 - 1,878 Grants 3,445 - 3,445 Fines & Forfeitures 37,585 - - 37,585 Donations - 3,769 - 3,769 Licenses and permits 134 - - 134 Miscellaneous Income 4,343 - - 4,343 Interest Income 14 39 - 55 TOTAL REVENUES 102,594 3,808 - 106,402 EXPENDITURES: Total Council	-		_		-		-		_
Grants 3,445 - - 3,445 Fines & Forfeitures 37,585 - - 3,769 - 3,769 Licenses and permits 134 - - 134 Miscellaneous Income 4,343 - - 4,343 Interest Income 14 39 - 53 TOTAL REVENUES 102,594 3,808 - 106,402 EXPENDITURES: Current: - - 93,000 PWA - - - 93,000 PWA -					-		-		
Fines & Forfeitures 37,585 - 37,585 Donations - 3,769 - 3,769 Licenses and permits 134 - - 134 Miscellaneous Income 4,343 - - 4,343 Interest Income 14 39 - 53 TOTAL REVENUES 102,594 3,808 - 106,402 EXPENDITURES: Current: - - 93,000 PWA - - - 93,000 PWA - - - - - Publics Safety: -					_		_		-
Donations					_		_		•
Licenses and permits			-		3.769		_		
Miscellaneous Income 4,343 - - 4,343 Interest Income 14 39 - 53 TOTAL REVENUES 102,594 3,808 - 106,402 EXPENDITURES: Current: Current: Current: - - 93,000 PWA - - - 93,000 PWA - - - - - PUBIC Safety: Public Safety: Police 24,003 - - 24,003 Fire - 8,882 - 8,882 Debt Service 5,100 - - 5,100 Capital Outlay - 1,594 - 1,594 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 122,103 10,475 - 132,578 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) (19,509) (6,668) - (26,177) OHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - - - - Operating Transfers In </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>134</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>•</td>			134		-		-		•
Interest Income 14 39 - 53			_		_		-		
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government 93,000 - 93,000 PWA - - - Public Safety: Police 24,003 - 24,003 Fire - 8,882 - 8,882 Debt Service 5,100 - 5,100 Capital Outlay - 1,594 - 1,594 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 122,103 10,475 - 132,578 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (19,509) (6,668) - (26,177) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In - 14,842 - 14,842 Operating Transfers Out - - - - Capital Debt Proceeds - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 14,842 - 14,842 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (USES) - 14,842 - 14,842 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (19,509) 8,174 - (11,335) FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 5,026 13,990 - 19,016 FUND BALANCE - PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT 30,496 - - 30,496	Interest Income		-		39		-		-
Current: General Government 93,000 - 93,000 PWA - - - - Public Safety: - - 24,003 - - 24,003 Fire - 8,882 - 8,882 - 5,100 - - 5,100 - - 5,100 - - 5,100 - - 1,594 - 1,594 - 1,594 - 1,594 - 1,594 - 1,594 - 132,578 - 1,594 - 132,578 - 1,594 - 132,578 - 1,594 - 132,578 - 1,594 - 132,578 - 1,594 - 132,578 - 1,594 - 1,594 - 1,594 - 1,594 - 1,594 - 1,594 - 1,594 - 1,594 - 1,594 - 1,594 - - 1,594 - 1,594 <td>TOTAL REVENUES</td> <td></td> <td>102,594</td> <td></td> <td>3,808</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>106,402</td>	TOTAL REVENUES		102,594		3,808				106,402
General Government 93,000 - - 93,000 PWA - - - - - Public Safety: - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 24,003 - - - 24,003 - - - 8,882 - 8,882 - - 5,100 - - 5,100 - - 5,100 - - 1,594 - - 1,594	EXPENDITURES:								
PWA Public Safety: -	Current:								
Public Safety: Police 24,003 - - 24,003 Fire - 8,882 - 8,882 Debt Service 5,100 - - 5,100 Capital Outlay - 1,594 - 1,594 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 122,103 10,475 - 132,578 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (19,509) (6,668) - (26,177) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - 14,842 - 14,842 Operating Transfers Out Capital Debt Proceeds - - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 14,842 - 14,842 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (19,509) 8,174 - (11,335) FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 5,026 13,990 - 19,016 FUND BALANCE - PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT 30,496 - - - 30,496	General Government		93,000		-		-		93,000
Police 24,003 - - 24,003 Fire - 8,882 - 8,882 Debt Service 5,100 - - 5,100 Capital Outlay - 1,594 - 1,594 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 122,103 10,475 - 132,578 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (19,509) (6,668) - (26,177) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - 14,842 - 14,842 Operating Transfers Out - - - - Capital Debt Proceeds - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 14,842 - 14,842 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (19,509) 8,174 - (11,335) FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 5,026 13,990 - 19,016 FUND BALANCE - PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT 30,496 - - - 30,496			-		-		-		-
Fire - 8,882 - 8,882 Debt Service 5,100 - - 5,100 Capital Outlay - 1,594 - 1,594 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 122,103 10,475 - 132,578 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (19,509) (6,668) - (26,177) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - 14,842 - 14,842 Operating Transfers Out - - - - Capital Debt Proceeds - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 14,842 - 14,842 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (19,509) 8,174 - (11,335) FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 5,026 13,990 - 19,016 FUND BALANCE - PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT 30,496 - - - 30,496	Public Safety:								
Debt Service Capital Outlay 5,100 - - 5,100 Capital Outlay - 1,594 - 1,594 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 122,103 10,475 - 132,578 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (19,509) (6,668) - (26,177) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - 14,842 - 14,842 Operating Transfers Out - - - - Capital Debt Proceeds - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 14,842 - 14,842 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (19,509) 8,174 - (11,335) FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 5,026 13,990 - 19,016 FUND BALANCE - PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT 30,496 - - - 30,496			24,003		-		-		•
Capital Outlay - 1,594 - 1,594 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 122,103 10,475 - 132,578 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (19,509) (6,668) - (26,177) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - 14,842 - 14,842 Operating Transfers Out - - - - - - Capital Debt Proceeds - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>8,882</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></td<>					8,882		-		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 122,103 10,475 - 132,578 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (19,509) (6,668) - (26,177) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In - 14,842 - 14,842 Operating Transfers Out - - - - - - Capital Debt Proceeds - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>5,100</td><td></td><td>4.504</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></td<>			5,100		4.504		-		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (19,509) (6,668) - (26,177) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In - 14,842 - 14,842 Operating Transfers Out Capital Debt Proceeds TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 14,842 - 14,842 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (19,509) 8,174 - (11,335) FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 5,026 13,990 - 19,016 FUND BALANCE - PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT 30,496 30,496	-								
EXPENDITURES (19,509) (6,668) - (26,177) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In - 14,842 - 14,842 Operating Transfers Out Capital Debt Proceeds TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 14,842 - 14,842 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (19,509) 8,174 - (11,335) FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 5,026 13,990 - 19,016 FUND BALANCE - PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT 30,496 30,496	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		122,103		10,475				132,578
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In - 14,842 - 14,842 Operating Transfers Out - - - - Capital Debt Proceeds - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 14,842 - 14,842 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (19,509) 8,174 - (11,335) FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 5,026 13,990 - 19,016 FUND BALANCE - PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT 30,496 - - 30,496	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
Operating Transfers In - 14,842 - 14,842 Operating Transfers Out - - - - - Capital Debt Proceeds -	EXPENDITURES		(19,509)		(6,668)		-		(26,177)
Operating Transfers Out -	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Capital Debt Proceeds -	Operating Transfers In		-		14,842		-		14,842
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 14,842 - 14,842 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (19,509) 8,174 - (11,335) FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 5,026 13,990 - 19,016 FUND BALANCE - PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT 30,496 - - 30,496			-		-		-		-
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (19,509) 8,174 - (11,335) FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 5,026 13,990 - 19,016 FUND BALANCE - PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT 30,496 - - 30,496	Capital Debt Proceeds						-		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 5,026 13,990 - 19,016 FUND BALANCE - PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT 30,496 - - 30,496	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				14,842				14,842
FUND BALANCE - PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT 30,496 - - - 30,496	NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		(19,509)		8,174		-		(11,335)
	FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		5,026		13,990		-		19,016
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 16,013 \$ 22,165 \$ - 38,177	FUND BALANCE - PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT		30,496						30,496
	FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	16,013	\$	22,165	\$	-		38,177

(14,819)

TOWN OF BRAGGS, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Reconciliation to Statement of Activities:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (11,335)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment	
reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:	
Capital debt obligation principal payments	4,097
Issuance of new capital debt obligations is recorded as capital debt proceeds in the	
governmental funds, but the proceeds create long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:	
Capital Debt Proceeds	-
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities	
report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:	
Capital asset purchases capitalized	-
Depreciation expense	(7,582)
Basis in Assets Sold	 -

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

TOWN OF BRAGGS, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2013

•	JUNE 30, 2013			
		Brag	gs Public	
		Works Authorit		
			orise Fund	
			30, 2013	
ACCETO		June	30, 2013	
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	167,681	
Due from Other Funds			-	
	•			
Total Current Assets			167,681	
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents			19,312	
Restricted investments			72,609	
	aciation		•	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depr	eciation		822,246	
Total Noncurrent Assets			914,167	
TOTAL ASSETS	,		1,081,848	
LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITY				
Current Liabilities:				
Refundable Customer Deposits			30,151	
Current portion of Notes Payable	,		16,563	
Total Current Liabilities			46,714	
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Notes Payable - USDA Rural Developme	nt		136,114	
Notes Payable - GMAC			-	
Less: Current Portion			(46 E62)	
Less: Current Portion			(16,563)	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities			119,551	
TOTAL LIABILITIES			166,265	
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets			686,132	
Restricted for debt service			29,312	
Unrestricted			200,139	
TOTAL NET POSITION	•	\$	915,583	
TOTAL NET FOOTION	;	Ψ	313,303	

TOWN OF BRAGGS, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Braggs Public Works Authority Enterprise Fund		
	June 30, 2013		
OPERATING REVENUES: Water Revenue	\$	157 722	
Sewer Charges	Ą	157,722 22,096	
Trash Collections Fees		33,232	
Grant Income		111,852	
Penalty Income		6,660	
Reconnect Fees		1,404	
Miscellaneous		4,609	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		337,575	
OPERATING EXPENSES:	_		
Current:			
Water		117,319	
Sewer		37,125	
Trash		30,667	
Depreciation		60,784	
Miscellaneous			
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		245,896	
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		91,680	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest Income		530	
Interest Expense		(7,294)	
SHDA - Fire		15,620	
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		8,856	
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS & TRANSFERS		100,535	
Transfers in		-	
Transfers out		(14,842)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		85,693	
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING		859,049	
TOTAL NET POSITION - PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT		(29,159)	
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	915,583	

TOWN OF BRAGGS, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Jur	ne 30, 2013
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Receipts from Customers	\$	225,724
Other Cash Receipts		111,852
Payments to Suppliers, Employees & Laborers		(185,112)
Receipts of Customer Utility Deposits, Net of Refunds		696
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		153,160
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:		
SHDA - Fire		15,620
Operating Transfers in		-
Operating Transfers Out		(14,842)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities		778
Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities:		
Additions to Capital Assets		(136,637)
Loan Proceeds received		-
Principal paid		(42,096)
Interest paid		(7,294)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital & Related Financing Activities		(186,027)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
(Increase) Decrease in Investments		30,765
Interest Earned		530
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		31,296
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(794)
Cash & Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		216,947
Cash & Cash Equivalents, Prior Year Adjustment		(29,159)
Cash & Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	186,994
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided	-	
operating activities:		
Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$	91,680
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities		
Depreciation Expense		60,784
(Increase)Decrease in Due from Other Funds		-
Increase(Decrease) in Payroll Taxes Payable		-
Increase(Decrease) in Due to Other Funds		-
Customer Deposits		696
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	153,160

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 1.C., these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). These modified cash-basis financial statements generally meet the presentation and disclosure requirements applicable to GAAP, in substance, but are limited to the elements presented in the financial statements and the constraints of the measurement and recognition criteria of the modified cash basis of accounting.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Town's financial reporting entity is comprised of the following:

Primary Government: Town of Braggs

Blended Component Units: Braggs Public Works Authority

(BPWA)

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

The Town of Braggs, Oklahoma was organized under the statutes of the State of Oklahoma. The Town operates under a council form of government and is governed by a three member board of trustees. The trustees elect a mayor from their own body. The Town provides the following services as authorized by its charter: general government, public safety (fire and police), streets, public works (water, sewer, and trash), judicial, public improvements, and planning and zoning for the geographical area organized as the Town of Braggs, Oklahoma.

These financial statements present the activities of the Town and its component units, entities for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the Town's operations and so data from these units are combined with the data of the primary government.

BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS

The Braggs Public Works Authority (PWA) was created pursuant to a Trust Indenture to acquire, construct, lease and operate the water and sewer facilities for the benefit of the Town of Braggs.

Oklahoma. The PWA is empowered to incur debt for the purposes stated above. The water and sewer systems owned by the Town have been leased to the PWA. The PWA is a public trust and an agency of the State of Oklahoma under Title 60, Oklahoma Statutes and is governed by the board consisting of three trustees identical with the Town Council. The PWA is exempt from State and Federal Income Taxes and is reported as an enterprise fund.

B. Basis of Presentation

The Town's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information. Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u>

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charges to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

The Town segregates transactions related to certain Town functions or activities in separate funds aid in order to financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. statements designed to present financial are information of the Town at this more detailed level. The focus of government and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. There was on non-major fund to present.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal

and contractual provisions. There are two categories of funds: governmental a proprietary.

<u>Governmental Fund Types</u>

Governmental Fund Types are used to account for the Town's general government activities. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net assets/fund equity, revenue, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting certain assets and their related revenue and certain liabilities and their related expenses are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the Town utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The following are the Town's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the Town. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> account for revenue sources that are either legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes or designated to finance particular functions of the Town. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds.

<u>Fund</u> Volunteer Fire Department Brief Description
Accounts for the
fire dues and runs and
Operational grants charged
to residents

<u>Proprietary Fund Types</u>

The PWA Enterprise Fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The costs (expenses. including depreciation) of providing services, such as sewer, water and trash, on a continuing basis, are financed charges, paid user by the general public. Proprietary fund types utilize the modified cash basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues and expenses are recorded when they result from cash transactions. proprietary fund fixed assets are valued at estimated historical cost, or if contributed property, estimated fair value at time of contribution. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses: renewals betterments are capitalized.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe what transactions or events are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when and how transactions or events are recorded, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS

In the government-wide State of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented used the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, subsequently defined in item (b).

In the fund financial statements, the current financial resources measurement focus or the economic resources measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

a. All governmental funds utilize a current financial resources measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

b. The proprietary fund utilizes an economic measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determinations of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), net financial position, and cash flows. All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities. and deferred inflows (whether current noncurrent or financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are generally reported within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than GAAP as established by GASB. This basis of accounting involves modifications to the cash basis of accounting to report in the statements of net position cash transactions or events that provide a benefit or result in an obligation that covers a period greater than the period in which the cash transaction or event occurred. Such reported balances include investments, capital assets and related depreciation, and short-term and long-term liabilities arising from cash transactions or events.

This modified cash basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue billed or provided services not yet collected and other accrued revenue and receivables) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received buy not yet paid and other accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. In addition, other economic assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows that do not arise from a cash transaction or event are not reported, and the measurement of reported assets and liabilities does not involve adjustment to fair value.

If the Town utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted in the United States, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, and the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

D. <u>Financial Position</u>

Deposits and Investments

Oklahoma Statutes authorize the Town to invest in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, passbooks, bankers' acceptances, and other available bank investments provided that all deposits are fully covered by approved securities pledged to secure those funds. In addition, the Town can invest in direct debt securities of the United States unless law expressly prohibits such an investment.

For financial statement presentation and for purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and certificates of deposit with a maturity date of three months or less. Debt instruments with a maturity date of more than three months are considered to be investments. Investments are stated at cost.

Restricted Cash

The restricted cash is the result of financial requirements of promissory notes between the Braggs Public Works Authority and the USDA Rural Development which consist of funds held in a Debt Service Reserve Account.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Town's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, and certain liabilities. The Town's estimates of the fair value of all financial instruments do not differ materially from the aggregate carrying value of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying Statement of Net Assets. The carrying amount of these financial statements approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

<u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the other comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA) used by Town requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due from other/due to other funds."

Inventories

Inventories in both governmental funds and proprietary funds normally consist of minimal amounts of expendable supplies held for consumption. The costs of governmental fund-type and proprietary fund inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

Capital Assets

Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year.

Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized in proprietary funds as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary fund capital assets is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following ranges of estimated useful lives:

Buildings 40 Years Improvements, other than buildings 10 Years Machinery, furniture and equipment 5-10 Years

Utility property and improvements 40 Years

The Town has not maintained accurate capital asset records to support historical cost of past capital asset purchases. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that capital assets be recorded at historical cost net of accumulated depreciation. Documentation supporting historical cost is not readily available. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, net assets, and expenses of the Governmental Activities is not readily determinable.

The capitalization threshold has been set at \$2,500.00.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation time. Full-time and part-time regular employees who have been employed continuously for at least 12 months are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the Town. The Town has not accrued compensated absences because the amount, if any, would not be material to the financial statements.

Net Position/Fund Balance Classifications

<u>Government-Wide Statements</u>

Net Position is classified and displayed in three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets and adjusted for any deferred inflows and outflows of resources attributable to capital assets and related debt.
- 2. Restricted Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows or resources related to those assets, with restriction constraints placed on the use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and

regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

3. Unrestricted - Net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

It is the Town's policy to first use restricted net resources prior to the use of unrestricted net resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net resources are available.

Fund Balance

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the Town classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Non-spendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned Includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Board.
- Unassigned Includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The Town uses restricted/committed amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Government

would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The Government does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

The purpose of each major special revenue fund and revenue source is listed below:

<u>Major Special Revenue Fund</u> <u>Revenue Source</u>

Fire Department Fund Grants
Donations

E. Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses

Property Tax

For the year ended June 30, 2013, the Town levied no property tax. Under State law, municipalities are limited in their ability to levy a property tax. Such tax may only be levied to repay principal and interest on generally obligation bonded debt approved by voters and court-assessed judgments.

Expenditures/Expenses

For purposes of the combined operating statements, expenditures/expenses are classified as follows:

Governmental Fund Types - By Character: Current (further classified by activity)

Proprietary Fund Types - By Operating and Non-Operating

Governmental fund types report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary fund types normally report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL

The Town prepares its annual budget under the provisions of the Municipal Budget Act (the "Budget Act"). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- a. Prior to June 1, the Mayor submits to the Town Trustees a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments. At least one public hearing must be held no later than 15 days prior to July 1.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the Town Trustees.
- d. The adopted budget is filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the object category level by department within a fund. The Budget Act recognizes the following object categories as the minimum legal level of control by department within a fund:

- Personal Service
- Materials and Supplies
- Other Services and Charges
- Capital Outlay
- Debt Service
- Interfund Transfers

All transfers of appropriations between departments and supplemental appropriations require Town Trustee approval. The Mayor may transfer appropriations between object categories within a department without Town Trustees approval. Supplemental appropriations must also be filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2013, the Town held deposits of approximately \$297,780 at financial institutions. The Town's cash deposits, including interest-bearing certificates of deposit are covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligation of the U.S. Government insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the Town's name.

Investment Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit Risk

The Town has no policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposits or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers' acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs (a.-d.).

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Town of Braggs:

As described above the Town does not keep detailed capital asset information. However, the following information is included in the financial statements.

	Balance at				Balance at			
	Jun	e 30, 2012	Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2013	
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings	\$	92,483	\$	-	\$	-	\$	92,483
Infrastructure		-		-		-		-
Vehicles		110,642		-		-		110,642
Machinery & Equipment		19,813				-		19,813
Subtotal		222,938		-		-		222,938
Less: Accum. Depr.		(145,590)		(7,582)				(153,171)
Total Capital Assets								
(Net of Depreciation)	\$	77,348	\$	(7,582)	\$		\$	69,766

There were no current year additions or deductions.

Braggs Public Works Authority:

Activity of capital assets consists of the following:

	Balance at			Balance at
	June 30, 2012	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2013
Land	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Property, plant &				
equipment	1,751,726	136,637	-	1,888,363
Construction in				
progress	-	-	-	-
Subtotal	1,751,726	136,637		1,888,363
Less: Accum. Depr.	(1,005,333)	(60,784)		(1,066,117)
Total Capital Assets				
(Net of Depreciation)	\$ 746,393	\$ 75,853	\$ -	\$ 822,246

The current year additions included water and sewer upgrades and a CDBG project expense.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

GOVERNMENT FUND DEBT

NOTE PAYABLE:

Terms and Collateral

Kansas State Bank of Manhattan in the amount of \$21,952.20 with a fixed interest rate of 6.06% with 60 monthly payments of principal and interest of \$425 starting September 2011 and due August 2016. The note was used to purchase a 2011 Chevrolet Tahoe for the Police Department.

\$14,311

Total Note Payable Outstanding

\$14,311

The following is a summary of long-term debt additions and deductions for the year ended June 30, 2013:

	Balance			Balance
	7/1/2012 Additions		Deductions	6/30/2013
Note Payable (PD) – KSB	\$ 18,408	\$ -	\$ (4,097)	\$ 14,311
	\$ 18,408	\$ -	\$ (4,097)	\$ 14,311
Note layable (FD) KSD		\$ -	. (. , ,	

A summary of future maturities of principal and interest are as follows:

Year Ending Notes Payable - Police Department Debt

June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2014	\$ 4,352	\$ 748	\$ 5,100
2015	4,624	476	5,100
2016	4,912	188	5,100
2017	423	2	425
2018	-	-	-
Total	\$ 14,311	\$ 1,414	\$ 15,725

BRAGGS PUBLIC WORKS AUTHORITY

NOTE PAYABLE:

NOTE PAYABLE:	
Terms and Collateral	Outstanding Debt June 30, 2013
Note #91-01 due to Rural Development in the amount of \$320,000 with a fixed interest rate of 5.00% with 480 monthly payments of principal and interest of \$1,572 starting November 1981 and due October 2021. The note was for the purpose of providing loan funds for a portion of the cost of constructing and improving the water and sewer systems	\$ 113,533.01
Note #91-03 due to Rural Development in the amount of \$70,000 with a fixed interest rate of 5.00% with 480 monthly payments of principal and interest of \$344 starting November 1981 and due October 2021. The note was for the purpose of providing loan funds for a portion of the cost of constructing and improving the water and sewer systems	22,581.09
Note #92-04 due to Rural Development in the amount of \$58,400 with a fixed interest rate of 5.00% with 480 monthly payments of principal and interest of \$287 starting May 1982 and due April 2022. The note was for the purpose of providing loan funds for a portion of the cost of constructing and improving the water and sewer systems. This loan was paid off in July 2012.	r -0-
Note #024-9139-17618 due to GMAC in the amount of \$15,560.00 with a fixed interest rate of 8.90% with 48 monthly payments of principal and interest of \$386 starting September 2008 and due August 2012. The note was used to purchase a 2008 GMC Canyon pickup This loan was paid off during the current fiscal year.	
Note #024-9131-20314 due to GMAC in the amount of \$15,738.00 with a fixed interest rate of 8.90% with 48 monthly payments of principal and interest of \$391 starting September 2008 and due August 2012. The note was used to purchase a 2008 GMC Sierra pickup This loan was paid off during the current fiscal year.	

<u>\$ 136,114.10</u>

Total Notes Payable Outstanding

The following is a summary of long-term debt additions and deductions for the year ended June 30, 2013:

	Balance			Balance
	7/1/2012	Additions	Deductions	6/30/2013
Note Payable – RD #91-01	\$ 126,369	\$ -	\$ (12,836)	\$ 113,533
Note Payable – RD #91–03	25,500	-	(2,919)	22,581
Note Payable – RD #92-04	24,805	-	(24,805)	-
Note Payable - GMAC (Canyon)	383	-	(383)	-
Note Payable – GMAC (Sierra)	379	-	(379)	-
	\$ 177,436	\$ -	\$ (41,322)	\$ 136,114

A summary of future maturities of principal and interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Year Ending Notes Payable – RD #91-01						
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total				
2014	\$ 13,494	\$ 5,370	\$ 18,864				
2015	14,184	4,680	18,864				
2016	14,910	3,954	18,864				
2017	15,673	3,191	18,864				
2018	16,475	2,389	18,864				
2019-2021	38,797	2,224	41,021				
Total	\$ 113,533	\$ 21,808	\$ 135,341				

Year Ending	Notes Payable	e - RD #91-03	
June 30,	Principal	ncipal Interest	
2014	\$ 3,069	\$ 1,059	\$ 4,128
2015	3,226	902	4,128
2016	3,391	737	4,128
2017	3,564	564	4,128
2018	3,747	381	4,128
2019-2020	5,585	209	5,794
Total	\$ 22,581	\$ 3,853	\$ 26,434

NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grant Programs

The Town participates in the certain federal and state grant programs as available, currently the town is not participating in any ongoing programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantor or its representative. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. The amount of expenditures that may be disallowed by the granting agency cannot be determined at this time, although it is believed by the Town that the amount, if any, would not be significant.

<u>Litigation</u>

The financial statements do not include accrual or provision for loss contingencies resulting from litigation. Under applicable Oklahoma statutes, such judgments may become liabilities only of the Debt Service Fund and only in the year in which tax revenue is specifically assessed for payment of the claim, and only to the extent of the taxes so specifically assessed in that year. Such claims are generally paid through special tax assessments over a three-year period.

Accordingly, the Town believes that such claims should be recorded in the year in which taxes are assessed for payment on the claim, only to the extent of such tax revenue that is actually provided. This method is preferable to the conflicting rule for treatment of loss contingencies as set out in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No.5 (issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board) wherein contingencies should be recorded in full in the year in which it is probable that a liability has been created if the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

Description of the Plan

Only the Town's volunteer firemen are covered by a pension plan. This noncontributory plan is operated and administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS). The Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the fund. That report may be obtained by writing to Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System, 4545 North Lincoln Blvd., Suite 265, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105-3414, or by calling 1-800-525-7461.

Funding Policy

The Town is required to make annual contributions of \$60.00 per active volunteer fireman to OFPRS. This contribution covers a portion of the cost of benefits that will be paid to vested volunteer firemen. Additional funding comes from a percentage on all taxes collected on premiums collected by insurance companies and appropriation by the State of Oklahoma.

The Town's contribution to OFPRS was \$960.00 for 2013.

NOTE 10 - CENA FUND

Effective July 1, 2007, control of the CENA Fund for the benefit of the community center has been transferred to a group of local churches. The Town is no longer responsible for this fund. Therefore, financial data for this fund is no longer being included in the financial statements.

NOTE 12 - GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Town of Braggs
Disclosure of Fund Balances Reported on Balance Sheet
For Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2013

	G	eneral Fund	_	lunteer re Dept. Fund	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
FUND BALANCES: Assigned	\$	-	\$	22,165	\$	-	\$	22,165
Unassigned		16,013		-		-		16,013
Total	\$	16,013	\$	22,165	\$	-	\$	38,177

NOTE 13 - GRANT INCOME

The PWA received and expended \$111,851.60 from the Oklahoma Department of Commerce for Contract Number 15064 CDBG 11.

NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Town did not have any subsequent events through February 21, 2014, which is the date the financial statements were issued, for events requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2013.

NOTE 15- PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT

A prior year adjustment of \$29,877.79 was made to reclassify the BOK savings account as a General Fund account rather than a PWA account. Other small miscellaneous adjustments were made to cash accounts of the General Fund and the PWA fund.

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Town Council Town of Braggs, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and in accordance with Oklahoma Statutes, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Braggs, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which were prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles, which collectively comprise the Town of Braggs, Oklahoma's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 21, 2014, which was qualified for the improper capital asset recordkeeping.

<u>Internal Control Over Financial Reporting</u>

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Braggs' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Braggs' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Braggs' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations,

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during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings that we consider to be significant deficiencies. Those deficiencies are listed as Items 13-01, 13-02 and 13-03.

<u>Compliance and Other Matters</u>

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Braggs' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Town of Braggs' Response to Findings

Town of Braggs' response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. Town of Braggs' response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kershaw CPA \$ Associates, P.C.

Kershaw CPA & Associates, PC

February 21, 2014

TOWN OF BRAGGS, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JUNE 30. 2013

INTERNAL CONTROL FINDINGS:

Item 13-01: Segregation of Duties

<u>Criteria:</u> A good system of internal control requires a proper segregation of duties to prevent one person from being in a position to authorize, execute, and record the same transaction.

<u>Condition:</u> Due to the size of the Town's major areas of internal control, that would be prevalent in a larger Town, such segregation of duties is not available for this size operation. Duties are concentrated in the hands of a few individuals, who are responsible for all phases of the accounting functions. Because of this lack of division of responsibility, internal control is determined to be weak, and in some instances, non-existent.

<u>Cause/Effect:</u> Due to the limited number of personnel, a breach of internal controls could occur and not be detected in the normal course of operations.

<u>Recommendation:</u> The Board should continue to be actively involved in the operations of the Town.

<u>Response:</u> The Board continues to be actively involved in the operations of the Town.

Item 13-02: Meter Deposits

<u>Criteria:</u> It is the responsibility of the Authority to properly report and account for the financial information.

<u>Condition:</u> The Town began keeping a ledger regarding the balance of customer meter deposits. However, the balance does not reconcile to the liability balance.

<u>Cause/Effect:</u> Customers could potentially not receive proper reimbursement on their deposit and the organization's balance sheet could be incorrect with respect to the deposit account.

<u>Recommendation:</u> It is recommended that the organization properly report and account for the balance of customer deposits.

<u>Response:</u> The Town is aware of the problem and has already taken steps to correct the situation.

TOWN OF BRAGGS, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2013

<u>Item 13-03 - Capital Asset Recordkeeping</u>

Criteria: Internal control refers to the methods and procedures used to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of objectives in the following categories: Safeguarding assets, Ensuring validity of financial records and reports, Promoting adherence to policies, procedures, regulations and laws, and Promoting effectiveness and efficiency of operations. Internal control also refers to how an entity processes, summarizes and records the financial transactions. In general terms, internal controls are simply good business practices.

<u>Condition:</u> The Town does not have strong internal controls in place for ensuring validity of financial records and reports, and in some instances is virtually non-existent.

<u>Cause/Effect:</u> Due to the weak internal control system, only minimal capital assets records are being maintained.

<u>Recommendation:</u> Periodic physical inventories required for good internal control should be conducted.

<u>Response:</u> The Town is aware of the problem and has already taken steps to correct the situation.